anything.

(A) strikes (B) dismisses (C) forbids (D) exhausts

(A) primarily (B) increasingly (C) aggressively (D) sufficiently

# 文 藻 外 語 大 學 102 學年度國小教師教育學程招生考試題卷 科目:【英文】

老試日期:102年8月22日

I. Vocabulary 30% Choose the most appropriate answer.
1. Next month Jenny may be to another position in the branch office for reasons of marketing.
(A) consented (B) transferred (C) terrorized (D) attended
2. It took the bride-to-be a long time to make the of her wedding gown.
(A) communication (B) personality (C) selection (D) immigrant
3. Surrounded by the beautiful scenery, he felt so relaxed and
(A) delighted (B) imaginative (C) inventive (D) attentive
4. The intriguing novels by J.K. Rowling plenty of readers around the world.
(A) fascinate (B) memorize (C) ignore (D) express
5. To to the local cultures sooner, you may have to pick up some of their customs and manners.
(A) exchange (B) discourage (C) blur (D) adjust
6. Scolded by his mother, the boy climbed the stairs to his room and began to study.
(A) ambitiously (B) reluctantly (C) harmoniously (D) definitely
7. In, the poor mother begged the doctor to save her dying baby by all means possible.
(A) introduction (B) procrastination (C) desperation (D) starvation
8. The world changes so rapidly that no one can accurately predict the future trend. Faced with the situation, we have to
ourselves with a lot of knowledge and skills.
(A) resist (B) approve (C) reinforce (D) equip
9. Now, all kinds of stuff are on the website. You can find almost everything to buy online.
(A) auctioned (B) replaced (C) fostered (D) prolonged
10. Our product is available, in groceries stores, convenience stores and wholesale chain stores. You can get one easily.
(A) hastily (B) simply (C) widely (D) nearly
11 is also an important part of schooling. If a child stays home to study by himself, he may never learn how to get along with others.
(A) Individualism (B) Independence (C) Socialization (D) Civilization
12. When properly selected and installed, an energy skylight can help minimize your heating, cooling, and lighting costs.
(A) efficient (B) automatic (C) commercial (D) accessible
13. The construction worker fell from the scaffold and became from the waist down.
(A) analyzed (B) customized (C) summarized (D) paralyzed
14. I do enjoy being a teacher, but a full day's teaching always me. When I go home, I am usually too tired to do

15. Outside the night pub stood two drunken men. They shouted at each other \_\_\_\_\_, looking for a fight.

### II. Cloze Test 30%

### Passage A Choose the best answer for each blank.

A. concept	B. investment	C. rather than	D. For example
E. without	F. instead	G. end up	H. As a consequence
I. obscure	J. inexpensive	K. consensus	L. obvious

No doubt, everybody likes to have a little more money in the bank, but figuring out how to get it can be a real challenge. However, there's good news. It turns out that you don't have to save a lot to end up with a lot. That's the idea behind the latte factor, a \_\_16\_\_ that might change the way you look at money.

The latte factor is an idea that was first presented by American financial advisor David Bach. According to Bach, people spend small amounts of money every day on little things like latte coffees. These things are common and seem \_\_17\_\_ individually. \_\_18\_\_, most people don't think much about buying them. However, over time, they can actually add up to a lot of money. That's money that could be invested \_\_19\_\_.

Maybe this idea is somewhat <u>20</u> at first. However, the amount of money that you save by avoiding things like lattes would probably surprise you. <u>21</u>, if you could spend just NT\$200 less each day, you'd <u>22</u> saving NT\$ 1,400 each week. In a year, that's about NT\$ 73,000. If that money is invested, it gains even more value. The <u>23</u> that adds 10% to that amount each year could turn your NT\$200 into over NT\$ 490,000 in just five years. Add more time and take away more lattes, and that number keeps getting bigger.

Take a look at how you spend money. You'll probably find that you spend quite a bit of money on small things that you could live <u>24</u>. As the latte factor shows, you'll be a lot better off if you save or invest that money <u>25</u> spend it. So, getting more money in the bank might not actually be as hard as it seems. All it takes is a latte a day.

## Passage B Choose the best completion.

Most people are afraid of something. Some people are afraid of the dark. Some are afraid of roaches or of driving on busy streets. <u>26</u> A phobia is different from just being afraid. It is not a normal fear but an extreme fear.

According to psychologists, there are several characteristics of a phobia. First, a phobia is not a reasonable reaction.

The word "phobia" is a word of Greek origin. It is derived from the Greek word "phobos", meaning fear. <u>29</u> For example, "hydro", means water. Fear of water then is hydrophobia. Here's another example: cyno means dogs. Fear of dogs then is cynophobia.

Why do people have phobias? \_\_30\_\_ One is that a phobia is something we learn. The other one says that a phobia is a sign of a deeper problem.

- A. That is, it is a very strong reaction, too strong for the situation.
- B. Two main theories have been put forward concerning what causes phobias.
- C. There are still others who do not just have a normal fear of something; they have a phobia.
- D. The development of a particular phobia may result from a variety of factors.
- E. Phobias are named by using the Latin or Greek word for the thing feared, and adding the word phobia.
- F. This means that even if the person tries not to be afraid, he or she cannot cope with the fear.

## III. Reading comprehension 10% Choose the best answer for each question

For generations, childhood may have been life's one, true sweetheart deal. In the past few years, however, all that has changed. Preschoolers who once would have spent their time learning simply to play and share are being bombarded with flash cards, educational CD-ROMs and other gadgets designed to teach reading, writing and second languages. Parents are haunted by the idea that if they can't perfect their children, they must at least get them as close to that ideal as possible. Marketers see worried parents as the most promising **pigeons**. Store shelves are loaded with new products claimed to stimulate babies' brains. Parents who don't avail themselves of these products do so at their children's peril. Child-development experts, however, consider these tools inferior to more social and emotional activities such as talking with or reading to children. These specialists agree that the only thing shown to optimize children's intellectual potential is a secure, trusting relationship with their parents.

Trying to pump up children's IQs in an artificial way may lead to increased stress on the kids. But, actually, the kids don't have to feel so pressured, and neither do their parents. It is true that a baby's brain is a fast-growing thing. Far from passively sponging up information, it is busy from birth laying complex webs of neurons that help it grow more sophisticated each day. However, the right kinds of stimulation may not be the ones people think they are. Asked in a study what skills children need in order to be prepared for school, parents of kindergarteners cited achievements such as knowing numbers, letters, colors and shapes. But teachers say that children need to cultivate social skills such as sharing, interacting with others and following instructions. Kids who come to school with a mastery of **these abilities** stand a better chance of knocking off not only reading and writing but everything else that comes along as well. After all, intelligence is based on emotional adequacy.

- 31. According to child development specialists, which of the following is the best for children?
  - (A) Flash cards and CD-ROMs.
  - (B) Gadgets of language learning
  - (C) Learning to share and talk with others.
  - (D) Being loaded with new products.
- 32. The word **pigeons** seems to imply that worried parents have become \_\_\_\_\_ of business people of child products.
  - (A) friends (B) victims (C) co-workers (D) supporters
- 33. In the second paragraph, which of the following is one of **these abilities**?
  - (A) Being able to socialize with others.
  - (B) Being able to read and write.
  - (C) Being able to know numbers, letters, colors and shapes.
  - (D) Being able to get a high score on an IQ test.
- 34. According to the passage, intelligence is built \_\_\_\_\_ emotion.
  - (A) regardless of (B) in parallel with (C) prior to (D) on the foundation of
- 35. Which of the following is true?
  - (A) Heightening children's IQs can lessen their stress.
  - (B) A baby's brain can only passively absorb information.
  - (C) Like parents of kindergarten children, teachers believe knowing numbers is very important.
  - (D) For teachers and experts on children, communication skills and emotional management are the most important.

# IV. Writing 30%

Write **a paragraph** with 120 to 150 words. In the paragraph, describe **an ideal student.** What characteristics or qualities should an ideal student possess? Explain each characteristic or quality in detail.