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文 藻 外 語 學 院 一百零一學年度國小教師教育學程招生考試題卷 科目:【英文】

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I. Vocabulary and phrases 30% Choose the most appropriate answer.
1. He to the priest that he had stolen money from his father.
(A) addressed (B) scolded (C) confessed (D) issued
2. Jessica is not to apply for the job. She doesn't have any professional skills or training.
(A) involved (B) qualified (C) responsible (D) modest
3. Your parents are usually the only people who love you without any
(A) conditions (B) belongings (C) benefits (D) fantasies
4. Before baking a cake, you need to prepare such as flour, sugar, milk, and eggs.
(A) pajamas (B) ingredients (C) episodes (D) figures
5. Most hospitals look very with the pale white walls and bed sheets.
(A) impatient (B) improbable (C) immoral (D) impersonal
6. No matter how hard it had been for Maria as a single parent, she her three daughters without getting any help.
(A) raised (B) rose (C) accepted (D) blamed
7. The young Taiwanese pianist performed well and won the first prize in the music contest.
(A) effectively (B) informatively (C) remarkably (D) potentially
8. The young singer felt when he forgot most parts of the song last night. He was speechless and didn't know what to
do.
(A) excited (B) teased (C) cheated (D) embarrassed
9. The radio station is devoted to classical music, so no other forms of music are played here.
(A) efficiently (B) exclusively (C) ultimately (D) extremely
10. His ambition to win a gold medal in the Olympics kept him to work as hard as possible.
(A) motivating (B) discouraging (C) impressing (D) accusing
11. Helen is so music that she plays in a band with her friends three times a week.
(A) in charge of (B) fond of (C) famous for (D) fed up with
12. I don't like Jack. He always tries to other people's generosity and kindness.
(A) take advantage of (B) put up with (C) figure out (D) take responsibility for
13. He has playing the violin since he became too busy with his study.
(A) dealed with (B) knocked out (C) given up (D) checked out
14. My old sneakers are worn out. It's time to them and get a new pair.
(A) admit to (B) get rid of (C) make use of (D) break into
15. In our daily life we take all our meals We need to remember that we may be in short supply of food some day.
(A) in vain (B) at times (C) in advance (D) for granted
II. Cloze Test 20%
Passage A
In a primitive society, all the teaching and learning are carried out in the family. Today, for the first few years after a child
is born, the family still plays the same16 as the educator. But when more complex things like Mathematics and17
languages have to be learned, there comes a demand for some forms of formal education. Therefore, schools are developed to

supplement the education <u>18</u> by the family and tribe. <u>19</u> wide the scope of school education can be, people still need to depend on their family in gaining knowledge at the beginning. The family is <u>20</u> their first teacher and a life-long influence. In our modern way of living, however, the functions of the family tend to diminish, with some functions to be assumed by school, some by other agencies.

16. (A) game	(B) sports	(C) role	(D) self-learning
17. (A) written	(B) writing	(C) listening	(D) speaking
18. (A) provide	(B) to provide	(C) providing	(D) provided
19. (A) What	(B) Why	(C) How	(D) However
20. (A) but	(B) still	(C) even	(D) already

Passage B

Health food gained popularity when people began to think more seriously about their physical well-being. Health food is fresh, natural, __21__ food. It does not contain preservatives to make it __22__ longer or chemicals to make it taste or look better. Some health food enthusiasts are vegetarians. They eat no meat; they prefer getting their essential proteins __23__ other sources, such as beans and rice, cheese, and eggs. More and more people are eating health food and trying to eat less fat and red meat.

Fast- food restaurants continue to expand rapidly all over the country. In the United States, speed at lunchtime is a very important factor. People usually have a short lunch break, <u>24</u> they just do not want to waste their time eating. Fast-food restaurants are places that take care of hundreds of people in a short time. There is usually very little waiting, and the food is usually <u>25</u>. Some examples are burger and pizza places.

21. (A) unprocessed	(B) processed	(C) to unprocess	(D) to process
22. (A) to last	(B) lasting	(C) last	(D) be lasted
23. (A) into	(B) from	(C) within	(D) for
24. (A) for	(B) nor	(C) or	(D) thus
25. (A) costly	(B) expensive	(C) price-out	(D) inexpensive

III. Reading comprehension 20%

Passage A

"Korea wave," or "Han liu" in Chinese, is defined as the popularity of Korean pop music, TV dramas, movies, fashion, food, and celebrities in China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Japan and other regions in Asia. The term "Korea Wave" was first used by the press in the late 1990s when TV dramas began to gain ground in Mainland China and Hong Kong. As we all witness, it's recently reached a new climax with the arising of different series on different channels, which have scored highest ratings, and starring idols in them, chased after by a large group of wannabes, have, as a result, brought in a wealth of profits for commercial sponsors.

Experts offer reasons for the Korea Wave phenomenon. Among them is the main fact that most Asian countries share Confucian culture and that Korean dramas are seldom concerned with conspiracies, corruption, or crime affairs. It is obvious that fans are attached to Korean cultural products because they convey similar Asian cultural sentiments in sophisticated packages. "Our generation is fond of such family-themed Korean TV series because the stories remind us of the past and the traditional ethical values people belonged to at our time, which we can barely find in our domestic TV programs and theaters," a retiree from Beijing said. Although the traditional cultural atmosphere featuring truth, goodness, fidelity, and patriotism does fascinate our folks of many coastal provinces, the success of South Korean drama productions also owes to their televisual technique, screenwriting, genre distinctiveness and popular stars, all areas in which maybe productions of our TV stations lag behind.

26. The passage most likely appears in a
(A) leasing flier (B) financial statement (C) classified ad (D) media coverage
27. We can infer from the passage that the author probably comes from
(A) Mainland China (B) Hong Kong (C) Japan (D) South Korea
28. Which of the following is false about the Korea Wave phenomenon?
(A) Commercial sponsors strike it rich by taking advantage of the popularity of some starring idols.
(B) Viewers addicted to Korean dramas may be fed up with the theme of the dark side of the society.
(C) Korean television soap opera has been sweeping across much of the Chinese-speaking world.
(D) Fans are especially attracted to the sensational dramatization played up in Korean series.
Passage B
Albert Einstein once credited the creativity of another scientist to the fact that scientists never went to school and therefore
preserved the rare ability of thinking without restraints. There is an undoubted truth in Einstein's observation that many artists
and geniuses seem to view their schooling as an obstacle, but this is not a criticism on schools. It is the function of schools to
civilize but not to train geniuses. A genius is often a lonely individual no matter how he or she pioneers in art, music, science
or technology. The explorers of unmapped territories and geniuses have something in common: they all have the ability to see
things in an unconventional way. The systematic way that schools tend to teach destroys the creativity of geniuses by putting
existing or traditional thoughts in their mind. However, if schools focus on cultivating geniuses only, many people would find
that way of education not appropriate. A successful community requires unity and cooperation among people. People often
have to compromise with one another in their viewpoints and this sometimes restricts creativity and originality. Nevertheless,
the impulse of creativity will always stand out from the demands of society, just like geniuses always do.
29. Albert Einstein believed that creativity can be credited to
(A) an explorer who guides one
(B) parents
(C) one's childhood without conventional schooling
(D) a free society
30. According to the author, the function of schools is to
(A) educate and civilize people
(B) cultivate geniuses
(C) meet the demands of artists and geniuses
(D) educate people who want to be explorers
31. Which of the following statements best expresses the main idea of the passage?
(A) Albert Einstein has said that schools cultivate creativity and geniuses.
(B) Schools encouraging creativity should be set up.
(C) Explorers can be compared to geniuses because they look at the world in the same way.
(D) Schools can never satisfy the needs of both geniuses and society as a whole.

Passage C

In these days, the protracted controversy over the country's official Mandarin Romanization system has given rise to bitter argument.

P. 4-3

The Tongyong Pinyin System, which is 85 percent similar to the Hanyu Pinyin System, was created by a group of "pro-Taiwan" linguists who say their new system is more suitable for teaching native language to children of Taiwan. The advocates say the Tongyong Pinyin System preserves Taiwan's cultural sovereignty and accommodates sounds in the dialects of Taiwan. However, backers of Hanyu Pinyin System support the system because of its prevalent use overseas. The supporters questioned how the Tongyong Pinyin System could serve as a communication tool with the outside world.

Obviously, Tongyong Pinyin System has increased tensions between those for and against. The tensions occurring mainly consist in two aspects. One is that, according to some reports, the 16 members of 26-person panel, who decided to choose the Tongyong Pinyin System, did not cast ballots, because a decision in favor of Tongyong Pinyin seems **a fait accompli**. That is to say, opinions in the task force were not respected and fully discussed before the decision was made. The other is that Taiwan does not appear to be on the way to internationalization, but instead she is right now being on the opposite direction. If Taiwan would like to promote her economic status and visibility in the international society, adopting an appropriate media will be the best weapon. In light of this, the Pinyin system should put the users into consideration. Then, why should Taiwan select one alien to the foreigners, now that Hanyu Pinyin System is prevalent among international society? It is a regret matter that we hear Minister of Education say," Foreigners will solve the question themselves."

It cannot be denied that the issue has a lot to do with the ideology and, as a matter of fact, too many issues here today have fallen into ideological controversy. We do not see the rational argument over the national policy. Pinyin is nothing more than one of the other disgusting and unbearable fights.

32. Which is **NOT** true based on the article?

- (A) Ideology seems to be involved in the creation of the Pinyin system in Taiwan.
- (B) We cannot go abroad once the Tongyong Pinyin System is taken.
- (C) Those who are familiar with the Hanyu Pinyin System probably can read the Tongyong Pinyin System.
- (D) Proponents of the Tongyong Pinyin System think it possible to highlight dialects in Taiwan.

33. What is "a fait accompli"?

- (A) A demand by members of a committee
- (B) An opinion worth emphasizing
- (C) A common sense that is known to ordinary people
- (D) A decision that cannot be changed

34. From the article, we may infer that _____.

- (A) neither of the systems is well-designed
- (B) the issue of the Pinyin System is the only controversial one in Taiwan
- (C) foreigners are in favor of the Hanyu Pinyin System
- (D) both Pinyin systems are highly incompatible

35. There is an implication, according to the article, that _____.

- (A) what system we should use is obvious
- (B) we can read the article in a scientific journal on Physiology
- (C) a decision should be in full discussion before the consensus is reached
- (D) the tone of the author is ironical

IV. Writing 30%

Write **a paragraph** with 120 to 150 words. In the paragraph, describe **the most difficult decision you have ever made.** What was the decision? Why was it a difficult decision? How did you overcome the difficulty?